SAFETY DATA SHEET

Weldphos Zn

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

Product identifier used on a label:	**Weldphos Zn**
Product code:	5047D
Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use:	Heavy zinc phosphate.
Chemical family:	Mixture.
Name, address and phone # of supplier:	Aqua Bond Inc. 440 Passmore ave. Scarborough, ON, M1V 5J8 (416) 754-7211
24 Hr. Emergency phone #	**CANUTEC (613) 996-6666**

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the chemical: This material is classified as hazardous under U.S. OSHA regulations (29CFR 1910.1200) (Hazcom 2012) and Canadian WHMIS regulations (Hazardous Products Regulations) (WHMIS 2015).

Hazard classification:
OXIDIZING LIQUID- CATEGORY 3
ACUTE TOXICITY, INHALATION- CATEGORY 4
SKIN CORROSION- CATEGORY 1
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE- CATEGORY 1
STOT-SE- CATEGORY 1
STOT-RE- CATEGORY 1

Label elements:



Signal word: DANGER

Hazard statements:
H272 May intensify fire; oxidizer
H332 Harmful if inhaled
H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H370 Causes damage to organs (systemic toxicity, respiratory system)
H372 Causes damage to organs (tooth, respiratory system) through prolonged or repeated exposure

Precautionary statements:
P210 Keep away from heat.
P220 Keep away from clothing/combustible material.
P221 Take any precaution to avoid mixing with combustible materials.
P280 Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection.
P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/mist/spray.
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P370+P378 In case of fire: Use water, carbon dioxide, foam, powder

extinsguisher to extinguish.
P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P312 Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.
P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.
P405 Store locked up.
P501 Dispose of contents in accordance with local/regional/national/ inernational regulations.

Other hazards: This product contains 34% of unknown oral and dermal toxicity.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Pure substance/ mixture: Mixture

Ingredient name	**CAS Number**	**Concentration (%)**
Water	7732-18-5	30-40
Phosphoric acid	7664-38-2	30-40
Nitric acid	7697-37-2	15-20
Zinc oxide	1314-13-2	10-20

Concentrations are shown as ranges due to batch variation.

SECTION 4: FIRST-AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures:

Ingestion: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing.

Inhalation: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that mists are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing. In case of inhalation of decomposition

	products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure.
Skin contact	Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Rinse immediately contaminated clothing and skin with plenty of water. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Eye contact	Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 30 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Washing eyes within several seconds of exposure is essential to minimize damage.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:
Causes serious eye damage. Adverse symptoms include pain, watering, redness. Causes severe burns. May cause allergic skin reaction. Symptoms include pain, irritation, redness, blistering. May cause asthma symptoms, breathing difficulties, wheezing. Harmful if swallowed. Corrosive to digestive tract and causes burns to tissue.
Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:
Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media:

Suitable	Water, carbon dioxide, foam, powder extinguisher.
Unsuitable	None known.
Special hazards arising from the substance:	Oxidizing material. May intensify fire. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products:	Phosphorus oxides, nitrogen oxides.
Special protective actions for fire-fighters:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
Environmental precautions:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:	Small spill: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Large spill: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.
Special spill response procedures:	In case of transportation accident, contact CHEMTREC at 1-800-424-9300.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. Avoid exposure -obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Conditions for safe storage:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials, food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be resealed and kept upright. Do not store in unlabeled containers.
Incompatible materials:	Oxidizing agents, alkaline materials.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters:

Exposure limits

Ingredient	**Exposure limits**
Phosphoric acid	**OSHA** PEL:1 mg/m3 STEL: 3mg/m3 **ACGIH** TLV:1mg/m3 STEL: 3mg/m3
Nitric acid	**ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014).** STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 4 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 5.2 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 2 ppm 8 hours. **NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).** STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 4 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 5 mg/m³ 10 hours. TWA: 2 ppm 10 hours. **OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).** TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 2 ppm 8 hours.
Zinc oxide	**NIOSH REL** Fume: 5 mg/m^3 TWA, 10 mg/m^3 STEL Dust: 5 mg/m^3 TWA, 15 mg/m^3 CEILING **Current OSHA PEL** Fume: 5 mg/m^3 TWA Dust: 15 mg/m^3 (total dust) TWA 5 mg/m^3 (respirable dust) TWA **1989 OSHA PEL** Fume: 5 mg/m^3 TWA, 10 mg/m^3 STEL Dust: 10 mg/m^3 (total dust) TWA 5 mg/m^3 (respirable dust) TWA **1993-1994 ACGIH TLV** Fume: 5 mg/m^3 TWA, 10 mg/m^3 STEL Dust: 10 mg/m^3 TWA
Engineering controls:	Use with adequate ventilation to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.
Individual protection measures:	Eyes/face: Chemical splash goggles and face shield. Skin: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this

product.
Respiratory: Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Be sure to use a NIOSH approved respirator or equivalent.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance:	Colourless to pale yellow liquid.
Odor:	Sharp acidic odour.
Odor threshold:	Not available.
pH:	1-4 (5% solution)
Melting point:	Not available.
Freezing point:	Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range:	Not available.
Flash point:	Not applicable.
Evaporation rate:	Not available.
Flammability:	Not flammable.
Upper and lower flammability limits:	Not applicable.
Vapour pressure:	Not available.
Vapour density:	Not available.
Relative density:	1.5
Solubility:	Soluble in water, hot or cold.
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water:	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature:	Not available.
Decomposition temperature:	Not available.
Viscosity:	Not available.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability:	Stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid:	When exposed to combustible material, a fire may occur.
Incompatible materials:	Oxidizing agents, alkaline materials.
Hazardous decomposition products:	Will not decompose under normal conditions.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on the likely routes of exposure:	SKIN AND EYES: yes INHALATION: yes INGESTION: yes
Potential health effects (acute):	EYE: Causes serious eye damage. Adverse symptoms may include pain, watering, redness, blindness.

	INHALATION: Mist or vapour may severely irritate respiratory tract. Coughing, wheezing, shortness of breath are common symptoms of exposure. SKIN: Causes severe burns. The extent of burns depends on the concentration, temperature and duration of contact with the acid. INGESTION: Harmful if swallowed. Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.
Delayed and immediate effects, chronic effects from short and long term exposure:	Nitric acid affects tooth enamel when exposed repeatedly. The product is highly acidic and causes burns which need to be promptly treated.
Potential chronic health effects:	Tooth enamel erosion. Respiratory system irritation.
Carcinogenicity:	The components are not listed as carcinogens.
Mutagenicity:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Sensitization:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Toxicological effects:

Acute toxicity:

Product	**Result**	**Species**	**Dose**	**Exposure**
Phosphoric acid	LD50 oral	Rat	1530mg/kg	-
	LD50 dermal	Rabbit	2740mg/kg	-
Nitric acid	LC50 inhalation	Rat	0.05-0.5mg/L	4 hours

Acute toxicity estimate:

Route	**ATE value**
Inhalation	0.137mg/L

Irritation/corrosion:

Name	**Category**	**Route**
Phosphoric acid	Category 1	Skin/Eye
Nitric acid	Category 1	Skin/Eye

Specific target organ toxicity single exposure:

Name	**Category**	**Route**	**Target organs**
Phosphoric acid	Category 1	Inhalation	Respiratory tract irritation.
Nitric acid	Category 1	Inhalation	Respiratory tract irritation.
Zinc oxide	Category 1	Inhalation	Systemic toxicity.

Specific target organ toxicity repeated exposure:

Name	Category	Route	Target organs
Nitric acid	Category 1	Inhalation	Tooth, respiratory system
Zinc oxide	Category 1	Inhalation	Lungs

Target organs: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: Lungs, tooth enamel.

Aspiration hazard: Not available.

SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity

Name	Result	Species	Exposure
Nitric acid	Acute LC50 180000µg/L Marine water	Crustaceans- Carcinus maenas-adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 72ppm Fresh water	Fish-Gambusia affinis-adult	96 hours
Phosphoric acid	LC50 138mg/L	Fish Gambusia affinis	96 hours

Persistence and degradability Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential Not available.

Mobility in soil: Not available.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

	TDG
UN Number:	UN3264
UN proper shipping name:	Corrosive liquid, acidic, inorganic, N.O.S. (Phosphoric acid, Nitric acid)
Transport hazard class:	8
Packing group:	II
Environmental hazard:	No.

Special precautions for user: **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

Canada inventory (DSL): All components are listed.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Revision date: April 11, 2017

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
IATA = International Air Transport Association
IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
UN = United Nations

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