SAFETY DATA SHEET

Weldphos Fe-LT

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

Product identifier used on a label:	**Weldphos Fe-LT**
Product code:	
Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use:	Iron phosphate conversion coating.
Chemical family:	Mixture.
Name, address and phone # of supplier:	Aqua Bond Inc. PO Box 63635 Toronto, ON, M1V 5K2 (416) 754-7211
24 Hr. Emergency phone #	**CANUTEC (613) 996-6666**

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the chemical: This material is classified as hazardous under U.S. OSHA regulations (29CFR 1910.1200) (Hazcom 2012) and Canadian WHMIS regulations (Hazardous Products Regulations) (WHMIS 2015).

Hazard classification:
SKIN CORROSION/SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE – CATEGORY 1
STOT-SE- CATEGORY 2 (respiratory system)
STOT-RE- CATEGORY 2 (bone, tooth)

Label elements:



Signal word: DANGER

Hazard statements:
H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H371 May cause damage to organs (respiratory system).
H373 May cause damage to organs (bone, tooth) through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation or absorption.

Precautionary statements:
P260 Do not breathe dusts or mists.
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P280 Wear protective gloves/clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.
P321 Specific treatment can be read in Section 4.
P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

	P308+P311 IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor. P405 Store locked up. P501 Dispose of contents in accordance with local/ regional/ national/ international regulations.
Other hazards:	THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS A FLUORIDE COMPOUND. SYMPTOMS MAY BE DELAYED. AVOID EXPOSURE. SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY IF EXPOSURE IS SUSPECTED.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Pure substance/ mixture: Mixture

Ingredient name	**CAS Number**	**Concentration (%)**
Phosphoric acid	7664-38-2	20-25
Ammonium bifluoride	1341-49-7	1-5
Phosphate polyether ester	3728-48-4	1-5

Concentrations are shown as ranges due to batch variation.

SECTION 4: FIRST-AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures:

Ingestion	Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Seek immediate medical attention.
Inhalation	If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen if available. Seek immediate medical attention.
Skin contact	In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin with soap and water. Do not reuse clothing or shoes until cleaned. If irritation develops, seek medical attention.
Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek medical attention immediately.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:
The product has a low pH (<2) and is corrosive to tissue. It is important to attend to exposure sites immediately to reduce the attack on living tissue.
Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:
Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media:

Suitable	Use water, carbon dioxide, foam, powder extinguisher.
Unsuitable	None known.
Special hazards arising from the substance:	None known.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products:	Combustion products are phosphorus oxides.
Special protective	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the

actions for fire-fighters:	incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
Environmental precautions:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:	Small spill: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Large spill: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.
Special spill response procedures:	In case of transportation accident, contact CANUTEC (613) 996-6666.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. Avoid exposure -obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Conditions for safe	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and

storage:	approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials, food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be resealed and kept upright. Do not store in unlabeled containers.
Incompatible materials:	Oxidizing agents, alkaline materials.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters:

Exposure limits

Ingredient	**Exposure limits**
Phosphoric acid	**OSHA** **PEL:**1 mg/m3 **STEL:** 3mg/m3 **ACGIH** **TLV:**1mg/m3 **STEL:** 3mg/m3
Ammonium bifluoride	**OSHA PEL Z2 (United States, 2/2013).** TWA: 2.5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Dust **ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014). Notes: as F** TWA: 2.5 mg/m³, (as F) 8 hours. **OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). Notes: as F** TWA: 2.5 mg/m³, (as F) 8 hours
Phosphate polyether ester	Not established.

Engineering controls:	Use with adequate ventilation to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.
Individual protection measures:	Eyes/face: Chemical splash goggles and face shield. Skin: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Respiratory: Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Be sure to use a NIOSH approved respirator or equivalent.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance:	Light yellow liquid.
Odour:	Mild.
Odour threshold:	Not available.
pH:	< 2.
Melting point:	Not available.
Freezing point:	Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling	100-110°C

range:	
Flash point:	Not applicable.
Evaporation rate:	Not available.
Flammability:	Not flammable.
Upper and lower flammability limits:	Not applicable.
Vapour pressure:	Not available.
Vapour density:	Not available.
Relative density:	1.1-1.2
Solubility:	Soluble in water.
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water:	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature:	Not available.
Decomposition temperature:	Not available.
Viscosity:	Not available.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability:	Stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions:	Will not occur.
Conditions to avoid:	Keep away from incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials:	Oxidizing agents, alkaline materials.
Hazardous decomposition products:	Will not decompose under normal conditions.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on the likely routes of exposure:	SKIN AND EYES: yes INHALATION: yes INGESTION: yes
Potential health effects (acute):	EYE: Causes serious eye damage. Adverse symptoms may include pain, watering, redness. INHALATION: Fatal if inhaled. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. Fluoride compounds are extremely destructive to tissue of the mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract. Symptoms include: burning sensation, coughing, wheezing and breathing difficulties, and shortness of breath, headache, nausea or vomiting, pulmonary edema. Severe over-exposure can result in death. SKIN: Causes severe burns. May cause allergic reaction. Fluoride compounds are highly corrosive and readily penetrate the skin causing destruction of deep tissue layers, including bone. Pain may be delayed for up to 24 hours following exposure to concentrations of 1-50% and is often not reported until tissue damage is extreme. Concentrations greater than 50% cause immediate burning, redness and tissue damage. Without

	immediate medical attention, tissue destruction may continue for days and result in limb loss or death. The extent of burns depends on the concentration, temperature and duration of contact with the acid. INGESTION: Harmful if swallowed. Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns. Can cause necrotic lesions, hemmhoragic gastritis, and pancreatitis.
Delayed and immediate effects, chronic effects from short and long term exposure:	Clinical signs and symptoms may not appear for up to 24 hours. Concentrations as low as 2% may cause symptoms with prolonged skin contact. When exposure is suspected, immediate medical attention is critical to minimize damage. Systemic fluoride toxicity can cause hypocalcemia, hypomagnesemia, hyperkalemia, pulmonary edema, metabolic acidosis, ventricular arrythmias and possible death.
Potential chronic health effects:	If sensitization occurs, a severe allergic reaction may occur even at very low levels.
Carcinogenicity:	Components of this product are not listed as suspected carcinogens.
Mutagenicity:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Sensitization:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Toxicological effects:

Acute toxicity:

Product	**Result**	**Species**	**Dose**	**Exposure**
Phosphoric acid	LD50 oral	Rat	1530 mg/kg	-
	LD50 dermal	Rabbit	2740 mg/kg	-
Ammonium bifluoride	LD50 oral	Rat	130mg/kg	

Acute toxicity estimate:

Route	**ATE value**
Oral	3046 mg/kg

Irritation/corrosion:

Product	**Category**	**Route**	**Target organs**
Phosphoric acid	Category 1	Rabbit	Skin/Eye
Ammonium bifluoride	Category 1	N/A	Skin/Eye

Specific target organ toxicity single exposure:

Name	**Category**	**Route**	**Target organs**
Phosphoric acid	Category 3	Inhalation	Respiratory tract irritation.
Ammonium bifluoride	Category 2	Inhalation	Respiratory tract irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity repeated exposure:

Name	**Category**	**Route**	**Target organs**
Ammonium bifluoride	Category 2	Not determined	Bone, tooth.

Target organs: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: bone,

tooth.

Aspiration hazard: Not available.

SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity

Name	**Result**	**Species**	**Exposure**
Phosphoric acid	LC50 138mg/L	Fish Gambusia affinis	96 hours

Persistence and degradability No data available.

Bioaccumulative potential No data available.

Mobility in soil: No data available.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

	TDG
UN Number:	UN3264
UN proper shipping name:	Corrosive liquid, acidic, inorganic, N.O.S. (Phosphoric acid)
Transport hazard class:	8
Packing group:	II
Environmental hazard:	No.
Special precautions for user:	**Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

Canada inventory (DSL): All components are listed on DSL.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Revision date: February 27, 2024

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
IATA = International Air Transport Association
IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
UN = United Nations

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